VEER NARMAD SOUTH GUJARAT UNIVERSITY, SURAT SYLLABUS FOR CBCS AND SEMESTER SYSTEM

B.Sc. SEM - III

(Effective from June 2016)

ZOOLOGY PAPER – III (Z – 301)

(Non-chordates, Evolution and Economic Zoology)

UNIT - 1

Introduction to classification: General study of Non-Chordate Phyla up to Subclass with examples: - Protozoa, Porifera, Coelenterata (Cnidaria), Helminthes, Annelida.

UNIT - 2

Study of the following animal types with reference to the structure and functions of various organs of all systems of Leech.

UNIT - 3

Evolution and Adaptations:

- i. Variation
- ii. Fossorial, Cursorial, Deep sea & Cave Dwelling Adaptations

UNIT - 4

Economic Zoology:

(i) Sericulture: - Life-History of Indian species of Mulberry silk-worm (Bombyx mori); Management of Silk industry including rearing, spinning and reeling; Types and Economic importance of silk.



(ii) Apiculture :- Life-history of Honey- bees, types, castes, structure of honeycomb, economic importance of honey, venom and wax.

B.Sc. SEM - III

ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL – I (Based on paper - III)

(Non-chordates, Evolution and Economic Zoology)

1- Classification of following animals up to--sub-class.

Amoeba, Euglena, Monocystis, Paramoecium, Leucosolenia, Hyalonema, Spongilla, Hydra, Porpita, Aurelia, Gorgpnia, Sea- anemone, Planaria, taenia, Liver-fluke, Ascaris, Earthworm Leech, Nereis

- 2- The following practicals of **LEECH** to be taught/studied **only** with the help of charts, models, videos, photographs, permanent slides, working models, simulators etc.
 - a) Digestive system and mounting of salivary gland.
 - b) Reproductive system mounting of jaws.
 - c) Nervous system and mounting of testicular nephridia.
- 3- Adaptations: Fossorial adaptations-Arenicola and Talpa; Deep sea adaptations-giant squid, Octopus, flat fish, arrow fish; Cave dwelling adaptations- Troglobite, Proteus (proteus anguinus); Cursorial adaptations- Cheetah, Horse, Wolves, Deer; Variation- Digits in man, giraffe.
- 4- Life history of Indian mulberry silk wrom (Bombyx mori). Api culture: To study Life history, queen, drones, workers, wax, modern movable beehive.



ZOOLOGY PAPER – IV (Z – 302)

(Chordates, Histology and Osteology)

UNIT - 1

Introduction to classification: General study of the following protochordates and chordates up to subclass with examples: Urochordata, Cephalochordate, Cyclostomes, Pisces.

UNIT-2

Study of the Scoliodon (Dog Fish) with reference to their structure and functions of various organs of all systems.

UNIT - 3

Histology:

Study the Ultra structure following mammalian tissues— stomach, intestine, liver, Salivary gland, pancreas, kidney and gonads.

UNIT - 4

Osteology:

Study of girdles in Frog, Scoliodon, varanus, pigeon and rabbit.



ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL - II (Based on paper -IV)

(Chordates, Histology and Osteology)

- 1- Classification upto sub-class (with the help of specimens, photographs, models etc.)
 Ascidian, amphioxus, lamprey, myxine, Scoliodon, electric ray, protopterus, clarius, seahorse, ophiocephalus, labeo.
- 2- The following practicals of **SCOLIODON** to be taught/studied **only** with the help of charts,models,videos,photographs,permanent slides,working models,simulators etc.
 - a) Digestive system and temporary mounting of placoid scales.
 - b) Urino-genital system and mounting of ampulla of lorenzinii.
 - c) Circulatory system
 - d) Brain-dorsal and ventral view.
- 3-Mammalian Histology: Study of permanent histological slides of salivary gland, liver, stomach, pancreas, intestine, kidney, gonads.
- 4-Osteology: Study of girdles in Scoliodon, frog, varanus, pigeon and rabbit.



ZOOLOGY PAPER – V(Z - 303)

(Animal Physiology)

UNIT - 1

Muscle coordination: Types and structure of muscle fibers; Physiology of muscle contraction and energetic.

UNIT - 2

Nervous coordination: Synapse and mechanism of nerve impulse conduction.

Structure and function of sense organs (human) eye & ear.

UNIT - 3

Excretion and **osmoregulation**: Structure of uriniferous tubule physiological process of excretion (including counter current mechanism) and urine formation; hormonal control (rennin angiotensin system and ADH); Osmoregulation in fresh and marine waters; osmosis; diffusion and Donnan's equilibrium.

UNIT - 4

Hematology: Composition of blood, Haemopoiesis and blood groups.



ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL – III (Based on paper V)

(Animal Physiology)

- 1. To study Haemin crystals from human blood.
- 2. Total count of WBC from human blood.
- 3. Estimation of Hemoglobin from human blood.
- 4. To determine normal and abnormal constituents of urine.
- 5. To study different types of muscle fibres- striated, nonstriated, medulated, non medulated and cardiac. Sensory organs –human eye and ear. Different types of nerve cells.



MARINE SCIENCE (EG)

UNIT - 1

Scope of marine science:

- 1) Introduction to marine science and career.
- 2) Evolution and biological classification
- 3) Prokaryotes, eukaryotes-fungi, Protista, plant, animalia-five kingdoms

UNIT - 2

Geology of the ocean:

- 1) Zonations of ocean
- 2) List of Indian oceans-Andaman sea, Arabian Sea, bay of Bengal, gulf of Eden, gulf of Oman, Mozambique channel, Persian gulf, Red sea, Timor sea.

UNIT - 3

Types of seashores and their fauna:

1) Sandy shore 2) Rocky shore 3) Estuaries

UNIT - 4

Marine organisms:

- 1) Microorganisms: phytoplanktons, zooplanktons, red algae, brown algae, green algae, multicellular algae. Economic importance of algae.
- 2) Macro organisms: Invertebrates-commercial importance of marine sponges, Mollusca, arthropods (crab and prawns).

Vertebrate: economic importance of Scoliodon (sharks) and marine mammals.

